

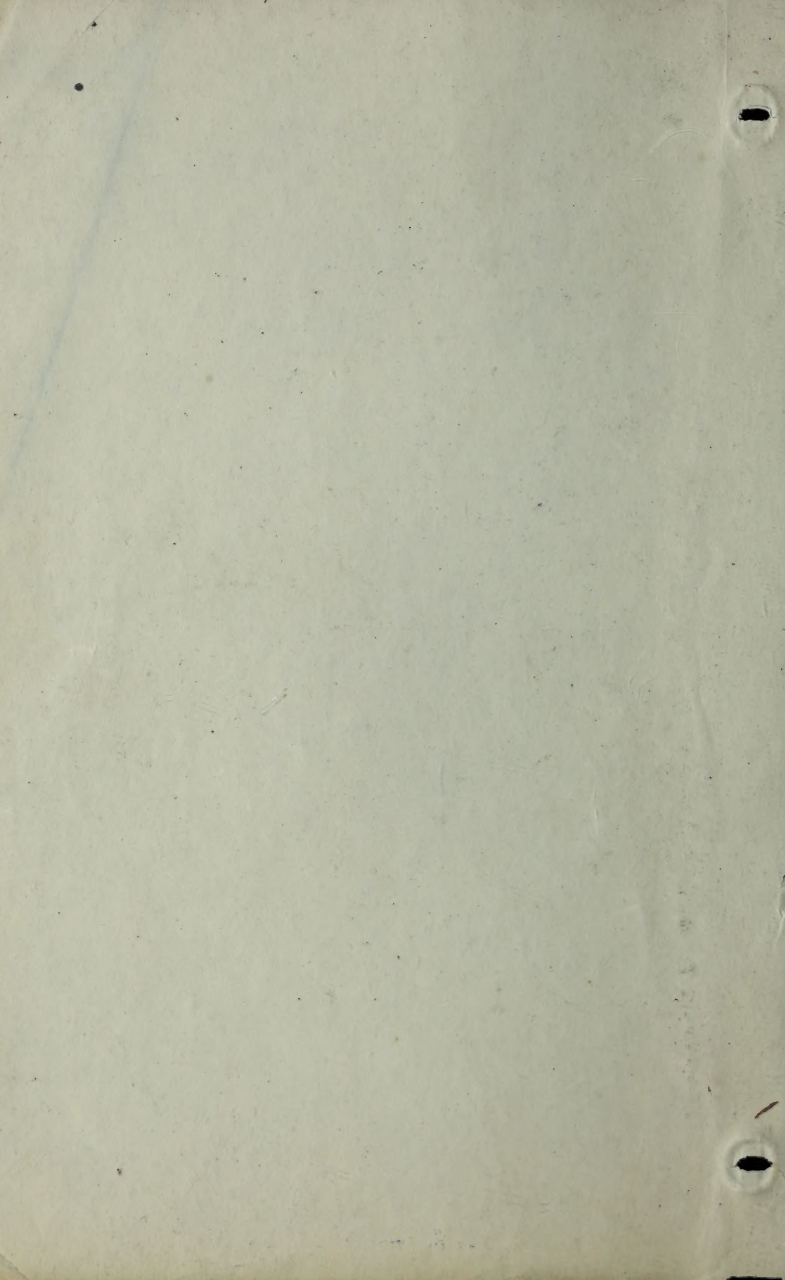
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THE  
HOLBROOK  
SPIRAL.



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## H692 HOLBROOK'S SPIRAL.

If  $R$  be the radius of curvature at any point and  $L$  the distance of this point from the tangent point measured along the curve, and  $A$  a constant, then the definition of this curve is expressed

$$(1) RL = A$$

The following calculations are for a spiral whose degree increases one minute per foot - then

$$(2) RL = A = \frac{180 \times 60 \times 100}{141.39} = 343775$$

(3)  $R = \frac{343775}{L}$  Column headed  $R$  calculated from (3). Also, it follows that for the inclination of the curve at any point to the tangent we have

(4)  $\Delta = \frac{L^2}{2R} = 0.000014545 L^2$  and representing 0.000014545 by  $A$ , we have

(5)  $\Delta = A L^2$  In minutes (5) becomes

(6)  $\Delta = .005 L^2$  Column headed  $\Delta$ , calculated from (6).



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Let the curve be referred to rectangular axes with origin at P.C. and the tangent as axis of Y.

For convenience in laying out let us find X and Y in terms of L. To obtain this we have

$$(7) \frac{dY}{dL} = \cos. \Delta, = \cos. A, L^2 \text{ hence } Y = \int_0^L \cos. A, L^2 dL = L - \frac{120^\circ L^5}{1.2.3.4.5} + \frac{16800'' L^9}{1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8.9} - \&c.$$

Reducing we have:

$$(8) Y = L - 0.00000000000000201557. L^5 + \&c.$$

$$(9) \frac{dX}{dL} = \sin. \Delta, = \sin. A, L^2 \text{ hence } X = \int_0^L \sin. A, L^2 dL = \frac{20. L^3}{1.2.3} - \frac{120. 9'' L^7}{1.2.3.4.5.6.7} + \&c. \text{ Reduc-}$$

ing we have

$$(10) X = 0.0000004848 L^3 + \&c.$$

X and Y in the tables are calculated from (8) and

(10).

If  $X_0, Y_0$  be the coordinates of the point where the circle joining the spiral at a given point X, Y,

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becomes parallel to the tangent we have.

(11)  $X_0 = X - R \sin \Delta$ .

(12)  $Y_0 = Y - R \sin \Delta$ . Columns headed  $X_0$  and  $Y_0$  are calculated from (11) and (12)

If  $D$  be the deflection necessary to be turned off from any point  $X$ , on the tangent, tangent to any point  $X, Y$ , on the curve we have

(13)  $\tan D = \frac{X}{Y}$ .

If we choose P.C. as a point from which to turn off deflections  $Y_0 = 0$  and (13) becomes

(14)  $\tan D = \frac{X}{Y}$  Column headed  $D$  is calculated from (14)  $D$ , is calculated for  $Y_0 = 200$ .

Column C gives the length of chord corresponding to arc of 50 ft. for various degrees of curvature.

Let  $\Delta$  = intersection angle,  
 $T$  = length of tangent and  
 $T_c$  = length of tangent of circular curve of same radius as middle part of

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curve and having intersection

$= \Delta$  or  $T_1 = R \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta$  Then we have

(15)  $T = T_1 + X_0 \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta + Y_0$  Substituting

(16)  $T = (R + X_0) \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta + Y_0$

Having found the length of the tangents by (16) and fixed the tangent points on the ground the Spiral ends may be run in by the deflection method using values taken from columns headed  $D$  or  $D_1$ , according as the transit is at P.C. or at 200 ft. from it on the tangent towards the apex, or points may be located by ordinates found under head of  $X$ , or by any combination of these methods desired.

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## FIRST PROBLEM.

Given: Two tangents joined by a simple curve; required, the intersection angle being  $27^{\circ}15'$  to put in a  $3^{\circ}$  curve with spirals having a rate of increase of  $1^{\circ}$  in 60'.

By (16)  $t = (r + x_0) \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta + y_0 = 554.99$  ft.

Having established the tangent points  $A$  and  $A'$  figure 2 we set over each and turn off from the tangents the deflections found in the table under  $D$ . The instrument for the last deflection should read  $0^{\circ}54'16''$ . The sum of the deflections for the circular arc

$$= \frac{1}{2} \Delta - \Delta_1 = 13^{\circ}37'30'' - 2^{\circ}42'00'' = 10^{\circ}55'30''$$

And the length of the circular arc

$$= \frac{10^{\circ}55'30''}{1^{\circ}30'} \times 100 = 728.333 \text{ ft.}$$

Required: The intersection angle being  $70^{\circ}30'$ , to put in a  $2^{\circ}$  curve, with spirals having a rate of increase of  $1^{\circ}$  in 50 ft. The sum of the deflections for the circular arc

$$= \frac{1}{2} \Delta - \Delta_1 = 34^{\circ}15'$$

And the length of the circular arc

$$= \frac{34^{\circ}15'}{1^{\circ}00'} \times 100 = 3425 \text{ ft.}$$

The back sight given, 100', being too short for accurately running in along a curve, by the proceeding method, we may proceed as follows:

Establish the points  $E-E'$ , figure 2 by  $BD = B$   $\tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta = 2022.7$  ft. and  $BE = 2 = 0.146$  ft.

As long a back sight as is desired can then be obtained by measuring off from a point down the tangent the distance  $0.146$  ft. The circular curve is then run in from the auxiliary tangents, the points  $F-F'$  being fixed by deflecting for the chord

$$y_0 = 50 \text{ ft.}$$

The points  $A-A'$  being set by measuring back from  $B-B'$  the distance

$$y_0 = 50 \text{ ft.}$$

The instrument is set up at  $A$  or  $A'$ , and the spiral run in by deflections as before. Should it happen, as is sometimes the case in sharp curves, that the entire spiral is not visible from  $A$  or  $A'$ , the instrument may be moved two hundred feet along the tangent toward the apex, and further points established by turning off from the tangent deflections found in the table under  $D$ .



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## SECOND PROBLEM.

Given: Two tangents joined by a simple curve, to find a circular arc with spirals joining the same tangents, that will replace the simple curve on the same ground as nearly as may be.

It is evident that the new circular arc must be outside the old curve at the middle point  $H$ , since the application of spirals draws the curve inward the distance  $x_0$ ; and that to retain the same tangents, the radius of the new curve must be less than that of the old.

Let  $FE$  be the curve to be replaced with a new curve and spirals.

If  $DE = x_0$ , and  $SC =$  the Spiral, then will  $SCD$  be the old curve with spirals.

An inspection of figure 3 will show that  $SCD$  is inside the curve for its entire length. By trigonometry

$$EV = R \operatorname{exsec} \frac{1}{2} \Delta.$$

Now if we can find a curve with a radius  $R'$ , such that  $R' \operatorname{exsec} \frac{1}{2} \Delta$  will be such a quantity that when increased by  $x_0$  the curve will still be outside the point  $E$ , we will have a curve which will nearly coincide with  $SCD$ , a little outside at  $E$  and a little inside at  $F$ . It is evident that  $R'$  is a little shorter than  $R$  and  $x_0$ , for  $R'$  is a little larger than  $x_0$  for  $R$  (see tables),  $\frac{1}{2} x_0$  for  $R$  being always a little larger than  $x_0$  for  $R'$ , the following formula may therefore be used in finding  $R'$ .

$$R' = \frac{R \operatorname{exsec} \frac{1}{2} \Delta - \frac{1}{2} x_0}{\operatorname{exsec} \frac{1}{2} \Delta} \dots \dots \dots (17)$$

Required: The intersection angle being  $30^{\circ}00'$  to replace a  $6^{\circ}$  curve with a new curve, with spirals having a rate of increase of  $1^{\circ}$  in  $30'$ , and replacing the simple curve on the same ground as nearly as may be.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{By (17) } R' &= \frac{R \operatorname{exsec} \frac{1}{2} \Delta - \frac{1}{2} x_0}{\operatorname{exsec} \frac{1}{2} \Delta} \\ &= \frac{(954.93 \times .035276) - 2.11}{.035276} \\ &= 897.95 \text{ ft.} = R \text{ for a } 6^{\circ}23' \text{ curve} \end{aligned}$$

Deciding, therefore, upon the use of a  $6^{\circ}20'$ , we have

$$\text{By (16) } t_2(R+x_0) \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta + y_0 = 337.8 \text{ ft.}$$

$R$  and  $R'$  are established, and the ordinary curve run in as in the first problem. The radii in the tables commonly in use, are calculated for chord lengths instead of arc lengths. The radii of these tables should therefore be always used, and when spirals are used on curves with very short radii, the deflections on the circular arc can be made for short chords of fifty or twenty-five feet, or the chord length calculated.

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### THIRD PROBLEM.

Given: Two tangents joined by a simple curve, to find a circular arc having a spiral at one end only, joining the same tangents. Because of the end of the curve being on a bridge, or other special feature in its location, it is sometimes desirable to retain one end of the new curve more nearly in its old position than is possible with the application of spirals to both ends. The end of the curve may then become a part of the circular arc, and a spiral applied to the free end only. The point  $A'$ , figure 4, may be found by the formula:

$$t' = R \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta + x_0 (\sec 90^\circ - \Delta) \dots \dots \dots (18)$$

The point  $A$  of the spiral may be found by the formula:

$$t'' = R \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta + Y_0 - x_0 (\tan 90^\circ - \Delta) \dots \dots \dots (19)$$

Required: The intersection angle being  $62^\circ 26'$ , to replace a  $9015'$  by a new curve, with a spiral having a rate of increase of one degree in twenty feet on one end only.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{By (18)} \quad t' &= R \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta + x_0 (\sec 90^\circ - \Delta) \\ &= 619.41 \times .60602 + 2.32 \times 1.12807 \\ &= 377.93 \text{ ft.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{By (19)} \quad t'' &= R \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta + Y_0 - x_0 (\tan 90^\circ - \Delta) \\ &= 619.41 \times .60602 + 22.93 - 1.21 \\ &= 466.59 \text{ ft.} \end{aligned}$$

Having established  $A$  and  $A'$ , the new curve with spiral may then be run in as shown under the first problem.

### FOURTH PROBLEM

Given: Two tangents joined by a simple curve, to find a circular arc having one end a spiral differing in their rates of increase, joining the same tangents.

From an inspection of figure 4 it will be seen that

$$\begin{aligned} t' &= R \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta + Y_0 + x_0' (\sec 90^\circ - \Delta) - x_0 (\tan 90^\circ - \Delta) \dots (20) \\ t'' &= R \tan \frac{1}{2} \Delta + Y_0' + x_0' (\sec 90^\circ - \Delta) - x_0 (\tan 90^\circ - \Delta) \dots (21) \end{aligned}$$

Required: The intersection angle being  $37^\circ 40'$ , to replace a five degree curve by a new curve, having on one end a spiral increasing one degree in sixty feet, and on the other end a spiral increasing one degree in thirty feet.

For the end having a spiral increasing

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1° in 60 ft.:

$$By (20) t'' = (1145.9 \times .34108) + 102.92 + (.82 \times 1.63640) - (3.29 \times 1.29541) = 537.89 \text{ ft.}$$

For the end having a spiral increasing 1° in 30 ft.

$$By (21) t'' = (1145.9 \times .34108) + 25.00 + (.129 \times 1.63640) - (.82 \times 1.29541) = 470.16 \text{ ft.}$$

From the points thus found, run in the spirals and connect the same with a five degree curve, using deflections for fifty feet chords as in the first problem.

## FIFTH PROBLEM.

To connect two tangents by a reverse curve with spirals.

In the treatment of reverse curves, a formulæ which will enable us to determine the radius from a fixed length of tangent instead of determining the tangent from a given radius, will be very convenient. We may determine such equations as follows. It will be seen from the tables that

$2Y_0 = Y$  very nearly, hence  $Y_0 = R \sin. \frac{1}{2} \Delta$  nearly.

The tables also show that  $X_0$  is always small when compared with  $R$ , and may be discarded. (16) then becomes

$$R \tan. \frac{1}{2} \Delta = t - R \sin. \frac{1}{2} \Delta$$

$$\text{or } \tan. \frac{1}{2} \Delta = \frac{t}{R} - \sin. \frac{1}{2} \Delta, l^2 \text{ nearly}$$

$$\text{or } \frac{1}{\sin. \frac{1}{2} \Delta} \tan. \frac{1}{2} \Delta = \frac{t}{R} - \sin. \frac{1}{2} \Delta, l^2 \text{ nearly}$$

$$\text{but } \sin. \frac{1}{2} \Delta = \frac{t}{R} \quad [\text{See (10d)}]$$

$$\text{hence } l^2 - 2tl = -\frac{1}{\sin. \frac{1}{2} \Delta} \tan. \frac{1}{2} \Delta \text{ nearly}$$

$$\text{and } l = t - \sqrt{t^2 - \frac{1}{\sin. \frac{1}{2} \Delta} \tan. \frac{1}{2} \Delta} \dots \dots \dots (22)$$

A little study of figure five will show that the spirals joining the two branches must be carried to  $H$ , where the radii will be infinite, and this is a common point, viz: The point of reversal of curvature for two circular arcs joining the given tangents; find, therefore the point  $H$ , and the other two  $P$  &  $S$ , as for plain circular curves. Having determined these points, the radius, length of spirals, etc., may be found from (22). The two parts of the curve when thus located will be found to be considerably outside the two



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circular arcs, joining the two tangents. The method does very well for new work, but no method of applying easement approaches has yet been devised which will locate new curves with spirals nearly enough on the ground occupied by the old curves (if the old curves have short radii), to be of any practical use in maintenance of way work, because the application of spirals requires a lengthening of the tangents equal to nearly half the length of the spirals, and in reverse curves the length of the common tangents is fixed.

Required: The intersection angles being  $40^{\circ}$  and  $60^{\circ}$ , the common tangent, 1000 hundred feet, there being used with one arm five hundred feet, with the other four hundred feet. The curve having tangents of five hundred feet to be fitted with spirals increasing one degree in thirty feet, and the curve having tangents of four hundred feet to be fitted with spirals increasing one degree in ten feet.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{By (22)} \quad L &= 500 - \sqrt{250000 - 34375X.36397} \\ &= 147 \text{ ft. nearly} \\ L' &= 400 - \sqrt{160000 - 114600X.57735} \\ &= 94 \text{ ft. nearly} \end{aligned}$$

The tables show, by interpolation, that the radius for the first arm is 470.46 ft. being that of a  $4^{\circ}39'$  curve and that the radius for the second arm is 611.15 ft. being that of a  $9^{\circ}24'$  curve.

The length of the spirals and the radii of the corresponding arcs having been so determined, they may be run in as in the first problem.

## SIXTH PROBLEM

Given: Two tangents joined by a compound curve, to replace the same with two simple curves, joined to the tangents and to each other by spirals.

It is obvious that the joining of the two simple curves to the tangents, presents no difficulties. Selecting for this purpose the branch with the shortest radius, its beginning point may be determined by the method given in the third problem, adding to the tangent of the circular curve the length:

$$Y_0 - X_0 \text{ Tan. } (90^{\circ} - A') \dots \dots \dots (23)$$

From an examination of figure seven, which shows in detail that part of figure six between B and S, it will appear that the com-

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men tangent to the two circular curves at their compounding point will be moved toward the apex the distance  $CD = p$ , which is found from

$$\tan j = \frac{y'_0 - y''_0}{(R'' - R') - (x'_0 - x''_0)} \dots \dots \dots (24)$$

$$\text{and that } p = R'' - R' - \frac{y'_0 - y''_0}{\sin j} \dots \dots \dots (25)$$

This quantity  $p$  so nearly equals  $x_0$  for the length of the spiral joining the two circular arcs that the latter may ordinarily substituted for it.

The length of the tangent of the branch with the longer radius will therefore be increased by

$$y'_0 - x'_0 \tan (90^\circ - \Lambda') - p \sec (90^\circ - \Lambda') \dots \dots (26)$$

Observing now the new positions assumed by the circular arcs, they will be seen to overlap each other by a distance equal to

$$x'_0 \sec (90^\circ - \Lambda') + x''_0 \sec (90^\circ - \Lambda'') + p \tan (90^\circ - \Lambda') \dots \dots (27)$$

Measuring back along the first branch from its end a distance

$$x'_0 \sec (90^\circ - \Lambda') \dots \dots \dots (28)$$

A point will be found opposite the middle point of the spiral connecting the two branches.

The length of the connecting spiral will be equal to as many feet as there are minutes in the difference in degree of the two branches of the curve, if a spiral increasing one degree in sixty feet be used; two-thirds, if one increasing one degree in forty feet; etc.-half, if one increasing one degree in thirty feet, etc.

The length of the connecting spiral and the position of a point opposite its center having been thus determined, its two ends may be fixed by measuring off on each branch from the determined point one-half its length. Having thus established  $R$  and  $S$ , the spiral connecting them may be run in as follows:

From  $R$  turn off from the tangent to the circular arc at that point, the angle  $90^\circ - \Lambda$ , as shown in figure six, and lay off  $tx$  corresponding to  $R'$ . From  $S$  turn off from the tangent to the circular arc at that point the angle  $90^\circ - \Lambda''$  and lay off  $x''$  corresponding to  $R''$ . The two

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points found are on the tangent from which the connecting spiral springs. Its origin will be distant 5" from H from the point located from S. From this last point run in the spiral connecting the two arcs from S to H, as in the first problem.

It will be seen that this solution permits of the use of spirals having different rates of increase for each end of the compound curve, and for the connecting spiral at the compounding point, and that it may also be applied to compound curves having more than one compounding point.

Required: The intersection angle between two tangents being  $65^{\circ}00'$  to connect the same by a compound curve—the one branch a five degree curve, intersection angle  $50^{\circ}00'$ ; the other branch a three degree curve, intersection angle  $15^{\circ}00'$ —with spirals joining the tangents and connecting the circular arcs.

The tangent on the branch having the shorter radius is 758.74 feet. Using a spiral increasing one degree in forty feet, lengthens this by

$$\begin{aligned}(23) &= y_0 - x_0 \tan. (90^{\circ} - \Delta') \\ &= 99.98 - (1.45 \times 83910) \\ &= 98.76\end{aligned}$$

The tangent on the branch having the longer radius is 915.59 feet. Using a spiral increasing one degree in forty feet, and for the connecting spiral one increasing one degree in fifty feet, lengthens this by (26)

$$\begin{aligned}(24) \tan. j &= \frac{y_0 - y''}{(R'' - R') - (x_0 - x'')} \\ &= \frac{99.98 - 90.00}{(1909.85 - 1145.91) - (1.45 - .707)} \\ &= 0.01307 \\ &= 0^{\circ} 45'\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(25) p &= R'' - R' - \frac{y_0 - y''}{\sin j} \\ &= 1909.85 - 1145.91 - \frac{99.98 - 90.00}{0.01309} \\ &= 153\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(26) &= y'' - x'' \tan. (90^{\circ} - \Delta'') - p \sec (90^{\circ} - \Delta'') \\ &= 90.00 - (.707 \times 3.73205) - (153 \times 3.86370) \\ &= 86.77\end{aligned}$$

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If as is suggested,  $p$  be taken as equal in value to the  $x_0$  of the length of the connecting spiral, then would

$$\begin{aligned}(26) &= y_0'' - x_0'' \tan(90^\circ - \Lambda'') - p \sec(90^\circ - \Lambda'') \\ &= 90.00 - (.707 \times 3.73205) - (.146 \times 3.86370) \\ &= 86.80\end{aligned}$$

A difference of three-hundredths of a foot about the width of a tack head. As this is much closer than the actual results to be obtained from the field work, the calculation of (24) and (25) may well be omitted.

Having fixed the points on the tangents where the branches with spirals begin, run them in for their full length. The ends will lie on parallel tangents separated by 146 feet, and will lap past each other the distance

$$\begin{aligned}(27) &= x_0' \sec(90^\circ - \Lambda') + x_0'' \sec(90^\circ - \Lambda'') + p \tan(90^\circ - \Lambda') \\ &= (.145 \times 1.90541) + (.707 \times 3.86370) + (.146 \times 3.73205) \\ &= 5.17\end{aligned}$$

Measuring back from the end of the curve having the shorter radius a distance

$$\begin{aligned}(28) &= x_0' \sec(90^\circ - \Lambda') \\ &= (.146 \times 1.90541) \\ &= 1.98\end{aligned}$$

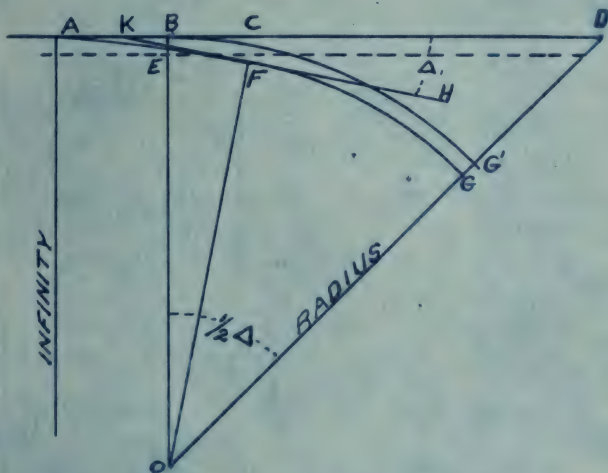
Fixes the point opposite the center of the connecting spiral, and measuring half the length of the connecting spiral, fifty feet, in both directions on the branches, establish the points R and S.

Setting up now at R, turn off from the tangent to the circular arc at that point the angle  $90^\circ - \Lambda' = 83^\circ 45'$ , and measuring along this line from R the distance  $x' = 909$  ft. for radius = 1195.91.

Setting up then at S, turn off from the tangent to the circular arc at that point the angle  $90^\circ - \Lambda'' = 87^\circ 45'$ , and measure along this line  $x'' = 1964$  ft. for radius = 1909.85. Two points found are in the line from which springs the spiral. Prolonging, therefore, this line, and measuring along it the distance  $y'' = 145.95$ , we obtain the origin of the connecting spiral, from which point the same may be run in, retaining for use, of course, only so much of it as lies between S and R.

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Figure 1.

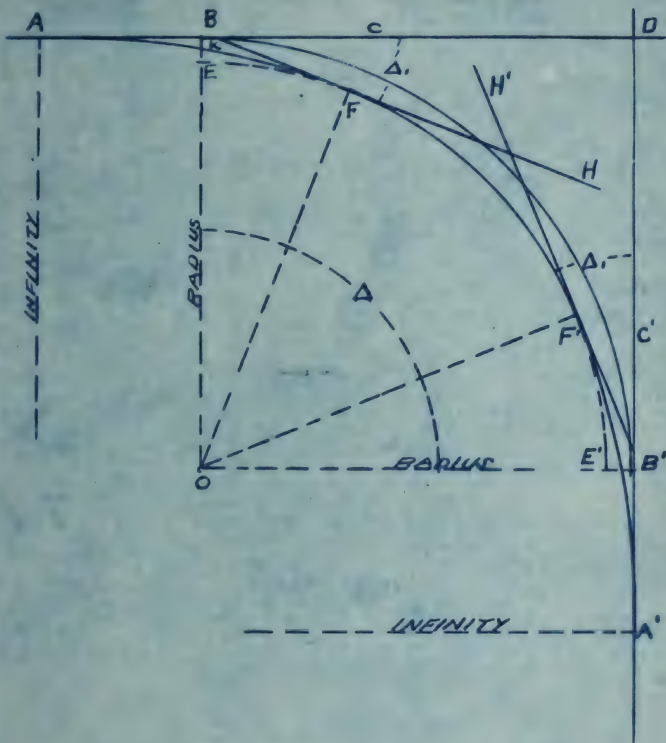


$BG'$  = original curve  
 $AFG$  = spiral & arc  
 $AD$  = tangent  
 $AC$  =  $Y$   
 $CF$  =  $X$   
 $AB$  =  $Y$   
 $BE$  =  $X$   
 $BOG$  =  $\frac{1}{2}\Delta$   
 $DKH$  =  $\Delta'$

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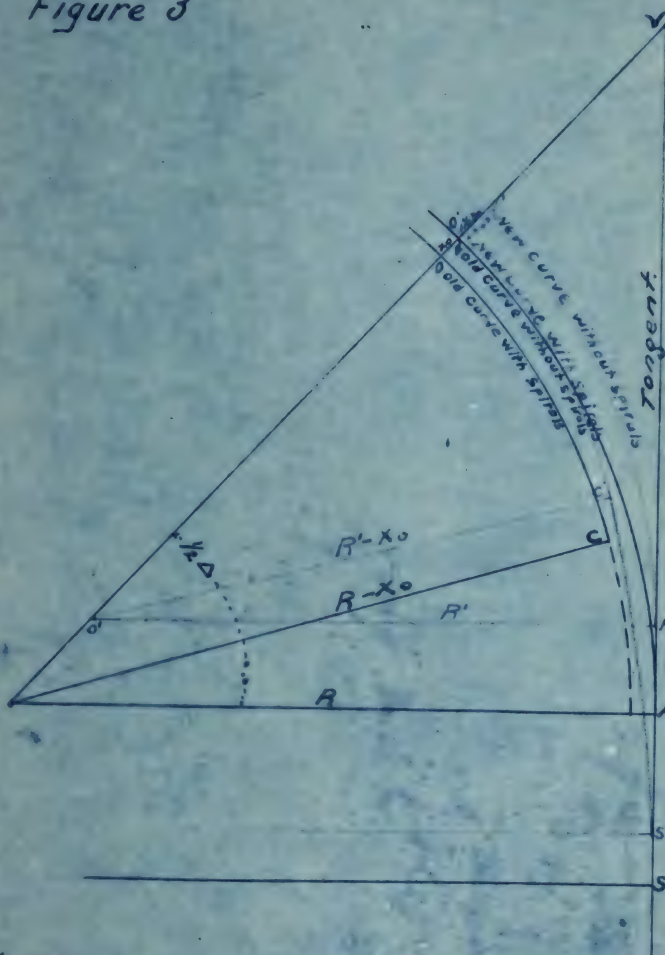


Figure 2.



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Figure 3

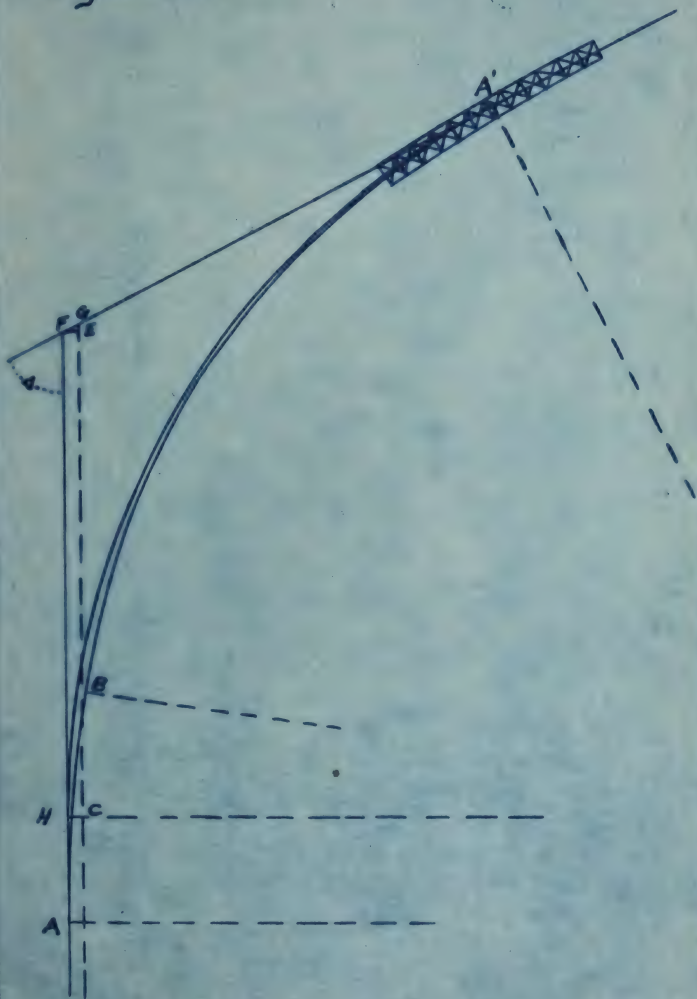


NOTE—WHITE LINES & LETTERS INDICATE FUNCTIONS OF OLD CURVE.  
 — RED LINES & LETTERS INDICATE FUNCTIONS OF NEW CURVE.

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Figure 4.



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Figure 4 $\frac{1}{2}$



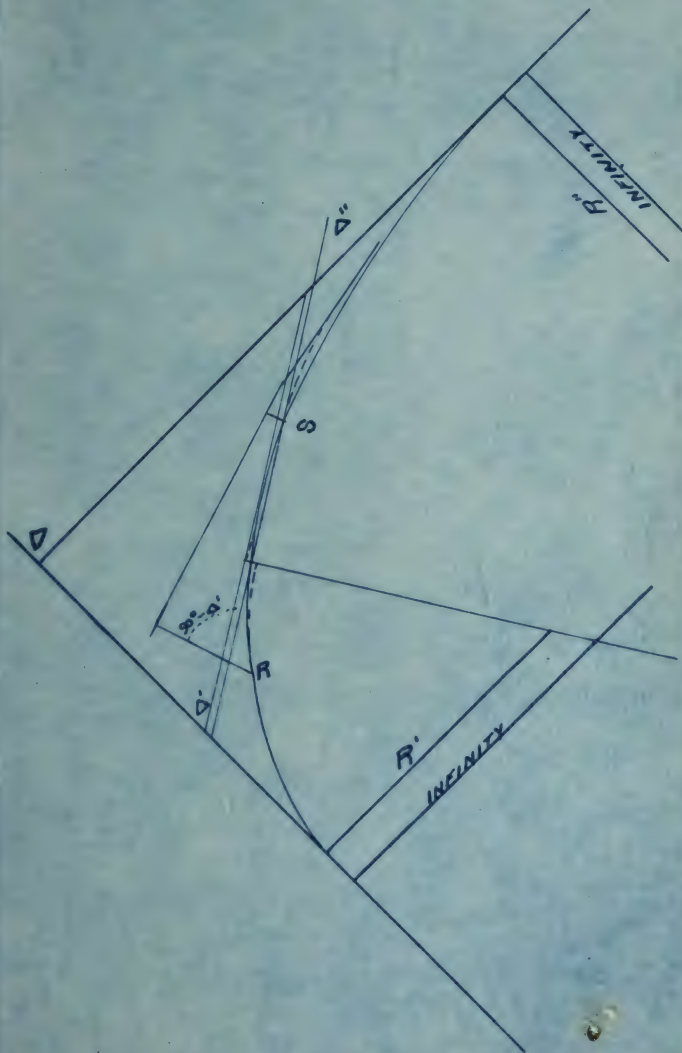
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Figure 6.



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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase in 10'

L	Deg.	Radius.	$\Delta$ .	X	Y	X <sub>0</sub>	Y <sub>0</sub>	D	D.
0	0° 00'	Infinity	0° 00' 00"	.000	0.000	.000	0.000 0°	00' 00"	
10	1° 00'	5729.58	03'	.003	10.000	.001	5.000 0°	01' 01"	
20	2° 00'	2864.79	12'	.023	20.000	.006	10.000 0°	03' 06"	
30	3° 00'	1909.86	27'	.079	30.000	.021	15.000 0°	09' 02"	
40	4° 00'	1432.39	48'	.186	39.999	.046	20.000 0°	16' 00"	
50	5° 00'	1145.91	15'	.364	49.998	.091	25.000 0°	25' 02"	
60	6° 00'	954.93	48'	.628	59.994	.157	29.999 0°	36' 00"	
70	7° 00'	818.51	27'	.998	69.987	.239	34.998 0°	49' 02"	
80	8° 00'	716.19	12'	1.489	79.975	.372	39.996 1°	04' 00"	
90	9° 00'	636.62	03'	2.121	89.953	.537	44.992 1°	21' 02"	
100	10° 00'	572.95	00'	2.909	99.924	.729	49.988 1°	40' 02"	
110	11° 00'	520.87	03'	3.872	109.877	.971	54.979 2°	01' 06"	
120	12° 00'	477.46	12'	5.027	119.811	1.263	59.969 2°	24' 10"	
130	13° 00'	440.73	27'	6.391	129.717	1.607	64.953 2°	49' 14"	
140	14° 00'	409.25	48'	7.982	139.570	2.011	69.932 3°	16' 20"	
150	15° 00'	381.98	15'	9.817	149.422	2.477	74.901 3°	43' 34"	
160	16° 00'	358.10	48'	11.915	159.202	3.016	79.865 4°	16' 48"	
170	17° 00'	337.04	27'	14.291	168.889	3.629	84.816 4°	50' 10"	
180	18° 00'	318.31	12'	16.964	178.561	4.325	89.755 5°	25' 36"	
190	19° 00'	301.51	03'	19.952	188.107	5.114	94.675 6°	03' 14"	95° 58' 36"
200	20° 00'	286.48	00'	23.271	197.563	5.995	99.581 6°	43' 02"	75° 39' 12"
210	21° 00'	272.84	03'	26.939	206.890	6.983	104.462 7°	25' 02"	62° 34' 15"
220	22° 00'	260.44	12'	30.974	216.076	8.087	109.316 8°	09' 28"	54° 45' 45"
230	23° 00'	249.11	27'	35.392	224.999	9.317	114.101 8°	56' 20"	49° 55' 40"
240	24° 00'	238.73	48'	40.212	233.837	10.683	118.827 9°	45' 28"	

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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase 1" in 10'

L	Deg	Radius	A.	X	Y	X.	Y.	D	D.
250	25° 00'	229.18	31° 15'	45.45	242.50	12.097	123.672	10° 36'	46° 52' 46"
260	26° 00'	220.368	33° 48'	51.126	250.876	13.733	128.287	11° 29'	45° 08' 24"
270	27° 00'	212.206	36° 27'	57.253	254.073	15.543	132.987	12° 27'	44° 06' 16"
280	28° 00'	204.628	39° 12'	63.856	266.894	17.803	137.363	13° 27'	43° 40' 09"
290	29° 00'	197.571	42° 03'	70.944	274.381	20.082	142.052	14° 29'	43° 48' 44"
300	30° 00'	190.986	45° 00'	78.539	281.495	22.599	146.448	15° 35'	43° 56' 32"
310	31° 00'	184.825	48° 03'	86.658	288.149	25.386	150.689	16° 44'	44° 32' 04"
320	32° 00'	179.049	51° 12'	95.318	294.448	28.462	154.908	17° 56'	45° 16' 14"
330	33° 00'	173.624	54° 27'	104.536	300.198	31.884	158.936	19° 11'	45° 46' 13"
340	34° 00'	168.517	57° 48'	114.330	305.401	35.640	162.803	20° 31'	46° 19' 39"
350	35° 00'	163.702	61° 15'	124.718	310.005	39.755	166.483	21° 54'	47° 35' 14"
360	36° 00'	159.155	64° 48'	135.716	313.955	44.316	169.947	23° 22'	49° 58' 50"
370	37° 00'	154.853	68° 27'	147.343	317.181	49.370	173.153	24° 55'	51° 44' 04"
380	38° 00'	150.778	72° 12'	159.616	319.663	54.930	175.103	26° 32'	53° 08' 26"
390	39° 00'	146.912	76° 03'	172.551	321.295	61.056	178.716	28° 14'	54° 54' 20"
400	40° 00'	143.239	80° 00'	186.168	322.022	67.807	180.987	30° 01'	57° 45' 27"
410	41° 00'	139.654	84° 03'	200.482	321.776	75.306	182.874	31° 55'	58° 44' 30"
420	42° 00'	136.419	88° 12'	215.572	320.479	83.579	184.127	33° 56'	60° 47' 36"
430	43° 00'	133.246	92° 27'	231.276	318.053	93.726	184.927	36° 01'	62° 58' 30"
440	44° 00'	130.218	96° 48'	247.769	314.416	103.999	185.123	38° 15'	65° 12' 50"
450	45° 00'	127.324	101° 15'	265.071	309.482	116.514	184.605	40° 34'	67° 33' 30"
460	46° 00'	124.556	105° 48'	283.138	303.159	133.431	183.309	43° 02'	69° 58' 54"
470	47° 00'	121.906	110° 27'	302.007	295.354	152.294	181.131	45° 38'	72° 28' 30"
480	48° 00'	119.366	115° 12'	321.698	285.967	177.962	177.962	48° 21'	75° 02' 17"



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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase in 20'

L	Deg	Radius	$\Delta$	X	Y	X.	Y.	D	D
0	0° 00'	Infinity	0° 00'	.000	.000	.000	0.0000°	00' 00"	
10	0° 30'	1145.916	0° 01' 30"	.001	10.000	.000	5.0000°	00' 38"	
20	1° 00'	572.958	0° 06' 00"	.012	20.000	.003	10.0000°	02' 04"	
30	1° 30'	381.972	0° 13' 30"	.037	30.000	.009	15.0000°	04' 27"	
40	2° 00'	286.479	0° 24' 00"	.093	40.000	.023	20.0000°	07' 57"	
50	2° 30'	229.183	0° 37' 30"	.182	49.999	.046	25.0000°	12' 30"	
60	3° 00'	190.986	0° 54' 00"	.314	59.998	.078	30.0000°	17' 57"	
70	3° 30'	163.502	1° 13' 30"	.499	69.997	.125	35.0000°	24' 29"	
80	4° 00'	143.239	1° 36' 00"	.745	79.994	.187	39.9999°	32' 01"	
90	4° 30'	127.324	2° 01' 30"	1.060	89.989	.265	44.9980°	40' 29"	
100	5° 00'	114.591	2° 30' 00"	1.454	99.981	.363	49.9970°	49' 40"	
110	5° 30'	104.174	3° 01' 30"	1.936	109.969	.484	54.9951°	00' 30"	
120	6° 00'	95.493	3° 36' 00"	2.513	119.953	.629	59.9921°	12' 01"	
130	6° 30'	88.147	4° 13' 30"	3.195	129.939	.799	64.9881°	24' 30"	
140	7° 00'	81.851	4° 54' 00"	3.991	139.897	1.000	69.9821°	38' 03"	
150	7° 30'	76.394	5° 37' 30"	4.909	149.856	1.230	74.9771°	52' 36"	
160	8° 00'	71.619	6° 24' 00"	5.957	159.800	1.494	79.9682°	08' 19"	
170	8° 30'	67.407	7° 13' 30"	7.146	169.730	1.794	84.9532°	24' 38"	
180	9° 00'	63.662	8° 06' 00"	8.482	179.640	2.131	89.9392°	42' 12"	
190	9° 30'	60.311	9° 01' 30"	9.976	189.527	2.509	94.9203°	00' 46"	
200	10° 00'	57.295	10° 00' 00"	11.636	199.391	2.932	99.8993°	20' 23"	92° 10' 4"
210	10° 30'	54.567	11° 01' 30"	13.470	209.229	3.399	104.8773°	41' 01"	55° 23' 5"
220	11° 00'	52.087	12° 06' 00"	15.487	219.019	3.915	109.8354°	02' 34"	34° 39' 1"
230	11° 30'	49.822	13° 13' 30"	17.696	228.774	4.485	114.7914°	25' 32"	3° 35' 3"
240	12° 00'	47.746	14° 24' 00"	20.106	238.484	5.112	119.7454°	49' 09"	2° 35' 0"

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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase 1" in 20'

L	Deg.	Radius.	$\Delta$	X	Y	X <sub>0</sub>	Y <sub>0</sub>	D	D.
250	12° 30'	458.37	15° 37' 30"	22.726	248.141	5.799	124.684	5° 13' 54"	25° 16' 14"
260	13° 00'	440.73	16° 54' 00"	25.563	257.719	6.549	129.598	5° 39' 52"	23° 53' 17"
270	13° 30'	424.42	18° 13' 30"	28.628	267.268	7.365	134.531	6° 06' 50"	23° 03' 12"
280	14° 00'	409.25	19° 36' 00"	31.928	276.723	8.250	139.439	6° 34' 54"	22° 35' 38"
290	14° 30'	395.15	21° 01' 30"	35.473	286.075	9.207	144.325	7° 03' 54"	22° 22' 12"
300	15° 00'	381.98	22° 30' 00"	39.270	295.373	10.235	149.196	7° 34' 24"	22° 22' 46"
310	15° 30'	369.65	24° 01' 30"	43.330	304.536	11.339	154.038	8° 05' 58"	22° 30' 32"
320	16° 00'	358.10	25° 36' 00"	47.659	313.579	12.539	158.849	8° 38' 31"	22° 45' 47"
330	16° 30'	347.25	27° 13' 30"	52.269	322.549	13.799	163.698	9° 12' 18"	23° 03' 32"
340	17° 00'	337.04	28° 54' 00"	57.166	331.359	15.193	168.473	9° 47' 19"	23° 24' 28"
350	17° 30'	327.42	30° 37' 30"	62.360	340.000	16.691	173.207	10° 23' 36"	23° 56' 32"
360	18° 00'	318.31	32° 24' 00"	67.859	348.487	18.307	177.928	11° 01' 08"	24° 31' 43"
370	18° 30'	309.71	34° 13' 30"	73.672	356.793	20.041	182.598	11° 40' 00"	25° 08' 01"
380	19° 00'	301.51	36° 06' 00"	79.809	364.914	21.916	187.265	12° 20' 21"	25° 49' 27"
390	19° 30'	293.82	38° 01' 30"	86.277	372.821	23.911	191.866	13° 01' 49"	26° 31' 46"
400	20° 00'	286.48	40° 00' 00"	93.085	380.502	26.061	196.356	13° 44' 50"	27° 16' 49"
410	20° 30'	279.49	42° 01' 30"	100.242	387.941	28.372	200.835	14° 29' 18"	28° 04' 27"
420	21° 00'	272.84	44° 06' 00"	107.757	395.116	30.860	205.243	15° 15' 11"	28° 54' 51"
430	21° 30'	266.49	46° 13' 30"	115.639	402.020	33.514	209.598	16° 02' 55"	29° 47' 12"
440	22° 00'	260.44	48° 24' 00"	123.876	408.600	36.369	213.843	16° 52' 01"	30° 42' 07"
450	22° 30'	254.62	50° 37' 30"	132.537	414.866	39.423	218.031	17° 42' 19"	31° 40' 01"
460	23° 00'	249.11	52° 54' 00"	141.570	420.785	42.625	222.099	18° 35' 18"	32° 40' 06"
470	23° 30'	243.81	55° 13' 30"	151.005	426.333	46.033	226.068	19° 30' 16"	33° 42' 37"
480	24° 00'	238.73	57° 36' 00"	160.851	431.445	49.611	229.919	20° 26' 46"	34° 47' 39"

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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase 1" in 30'

L	Deg.	Radius	$\Delta$	X	Y	X <sub>o</sub>	Y <sub>o</sub>	D	D.
0	0° 00'	00000.00	0° 00' 00"	.000	0.00	.00	0.00	0° 00' 00"	
10	0° 20'	17188.75	0° 01' 00"	.002	10.00	.00	5.00	0° 00' 45"	
20	0° 40'	8594.32	0° 04' 00"	.008	20.00	.00	10.00	0° 01' 30"	
30	1° 00'	5729.55	0° 09' 00"	.026	30.00	.01	15.00	0° 03' 00"	
40	1° 20'	4297.15	0° 16' 00"	.062	40.00	.02	20.00	0° 04' 40"	
50	1° 40'	3477.75	0° 25' 00"	.120	50.00	.03	25.00	0° 08' 00"	
60	2° 00'	2864.77	0° 36' 00"	.210	60.00	.05	30.00	0° 12' 00"	
70	2° 20'	2455.52	0° 49' 00"	.330	70.00	.08	35.00	0° 16' 20"	
80	2° 40'	2148.57	1° 04' 00"	.500	80.00	.12	40.00	0° 21' 30"	
90	3° 00'	1909.85	1° 21' 00"	.710	89.99	.18	45.00	0° 27' 00"	
100	3° 20'	1718.86	1° 40' 00"	.970	99.99	.24	50.00	0° 33' 20"	
110	3° 40'	1562.60	2° 01' 00"	1.290	109.99	.32	55.00	0° 40' 20"	
120	4° 00'	1432.39	2° 24' 00"	1.670	119.98	.42	60.00	0° 47' 50"	
130	4° 20'	1322.10	2° 49' 00"	2.130	129.97	.53	65.00	0° 56' 20"	
140	4° 40'	1227.76	3° 16' 00"	2.650	139.95	.66	70.00	1° 05' 10"	
150	5° 00'	1145.91	3° 45' 00"	3.270	149.93	.82	75.00	1° 15' 00"	
160	5° 20'	1074.28	4° 16' 00"	3.980	159.92	.99	79.99	1° 25' 30"	
170	5° 40'	1011.09	4° 49' 00"	4.760	169.88	1.19	84.99	1° 36' 20"	
180	6° 00'	954.83	5° 24' 00"	5.650	179.84	1.41	89.98	1° 48' 00"	
190	6° 20'	904.66	6° 01' 00"	6.650	189.80	1.66	94.97	2° 00' 20"	
200	6° 40'	859.43	6° 40' 00"	7.750	199.72	1.94	99.95	2° 13' 20"	92° 04' 15"
210	7° 00'	818.57	7° 21' 00"	8.970	209.64	2.24	104.93	2° 27' 00"	42° 56' 20"
220	7° 20'	781.30	8° 04' 00"	10.320	219.54	2.57	109.92	2° 41' 30"	27° 50' 26"
230	7° 40'	747.30	8° 49' 00"	11.780	229.44	2.95	114.90	2° 56' 20"	21° 48' 30"
240	8° 00'	716.20	9° 36' 00"	13.464	239.32	3.43	119.88	3° 12' 00"	18° 54' 08"

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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase in 30'

L	Deg	Radius	$\Delta$	X	Y	X <sub>0</sub>	Y <sub>0</sub>	D	D <sub>0</sub>
250	8° 20'	687.77	10° 25' 00"	15.150	249.17	3.82	124.81	3' 28'	45' 17" 07' 30"
260	8° 40'	661.10	11° 16' 00"	17.041	258.99	4.30	129.83	3° 45'	56' 16" 06' 48"
270	9° 00'	636.62	12° 09' 00"	19.085	268.79	4.83	134.80	4° 03'	46' 15" 30' 25"
280	9° 20'	613.85	13° 04' 00"	21.285	278.54	5.39	139.76	4° 22'	10' 15" 09' 50"
290	9° 40'	592.71	14° 01' 00"	23.648	288.26	6.00	144.70	4° 41'	25' 15" 00' 00"
300	10° 00'	572.95	15° 00' 00"	26.179	297.95	6.66	149.66	5° 01'	15' 14" 56' 54"
310	10° 20'	554.47	16° 01' 00"	28.885	307.57	7.36	154.58	5° 21'	56' 15" 02' 55"
320	10° 40'	537.14	17° 04' 00"	31.771	317.17	8.12	159.53	5° 43'	15' 15" 10' 16"
330	11° 00'	520.87	18° 09' 00"	34.844	326.69	8.93	164.43	6° 05'	26' 15" 22' 42"
340	11° 20'	505.55	19° 16' 00"	38.109	336.16	9.79	169.34	6° 28'	00' 15" 38' 12"
350	11° 40'	491.11	20° 25' 00"	41.571	345.56	10.71	174.24	6° 51'	35' 15" 56' 20"
360	12° 00'	477.46	21° 36' 00"	45.238	354.88	11.70	179.72	7° 15'	56' 16" 16' 58"
370	12° 20'	464.56	22° 49' 00"	49.113	364.13	12.76	184.98	7° 40'	56' 16" 39' 50"
380	12° 40'	452.33	24° 04' 00"	53.203	373.30	13.80	188.84	8° 06'	46' 17" 04' 00"
390	13° 00'	440.73	25° 21' 00"	57.516	382.37	15.07	193.67	8° 32'	35' 17" 31' 02"
400	13° 20'	429.71	26° 40' 00"	62.054	391.34	16.35	198.49	9° 00'	35' 17" 58' 07"
410	13° 40'	419.23	28° 01' 00"	66.805	400.20	17.68	203.28	9° 28'	35' 18" 27' 12"
420	14° 00'	409.25	29° 24' 00"	71.846	408.94	19.14	208.04	9° 57'	56' 18" 58' 40"
430	14° 20'	399.73	30° 49' 00"	77.090	417.56	20.65	212.78	10° 27'	35' 19" 36' 55"
440	14° 40'	390.65	32° 16' 00"	82.594	426.04	22.27	217.49	10° 58'	15' 20" 04' 22"
450	15° 00'	381.98	33° 45' 00"	88.355	434.39	23.98	222.17	11° 29'	50' 20" 39' 20"
460	15° 20'	373.66	35° 16' 00"	94.376	442.57	25.80	226.83	12° 02'	15' 21" 15' 40"
470	15° 40'	365.71	36° 49' 00"	100.667	450.59	27.73	231.43	12° 35'	40' 21" 53' 15"
480	16° 00'	358.10	38° 24' 00"	107.230	458.44	29.67	236.01	13° 09'	56' 22' 32' 03"

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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase 1" in 40'.

L	Deg	Radius	$\Delta$	X	Y	X <sup>o</sup>	Y <sup>o</sup>	D	D <sup>o</sup>
0	0° 00'	Infinity	0° 00' 00"	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0° 00' 00"	
10	0° 15'	22918.31	0° 00' 45"	0.0	10.00	0.00	5.00	0° 00' 22"	
20	0° 30'	11459.15	0° 03' 00"	0.01	20.00	0.00	10.00	0° 01' 30"	
30	0° 45'	7639.42	0° 06' 45"	0.02	30.00	0.00	15.00	0° 02' 15"	
40	1° 00'	5729.58	0° 12' 00"	0.05	40.00	0.01	20.00	0° 03' 45"	
50	1° 15'	4583.66	0° 18' 45"	0.09	50.00	0.02	25.00	0° 06' 15"	
60	1° 30'	3910.72	0° 27' 00"	0.15	60.00	0.04	30.00	0° 09' 00"	
70	1° 45'	3274.04	0° 36' 45"	0.25	70.00	0.06	35.00	0° 12' 15"	
80	2° 00'	2864.79	0° 48' 00"	0.37	80.00	0.09	40.00	0° 16' 00"	
90	2° 15'	2546.48	1° 00' 45"	0.53	90.00	0.13	45.00	0° 20' 15"	
100	2° 30'	2291.83	1° 15' 00"	0.73	100.00	0.18	50.00	0° 25' 00"	
110	2° 45'	2083.48	1° 30' 45"	0.97	110.00	0.24	55.00	0° 30' 15"	
120	3° 00'	1909.86	1° 48' 00"	1.25	119.99	0.31	60.00	0° 36' 00"	
130	3° 15'	1762.95	2° 06' 45"	1.60	129.98	0.40	65.00	0° 42' 15"	
140	3° 30'	1637.02	2° 27' 00"	1.99	139.97	0.49	70.00	0° 49' 00"	
150	3° 45'	1527.88	2° 48' 45"	2.45	149.96	0.61	75.00	0° 56' 15"	
160	4° 00'	1432.39	3° 12' 00"	2.98	159.95	0.74	80.00	1° 04' 00"	
170	4° 15'	1348.14	3° 36' 45"	3.57	169.93	0.89	85.00	1° 12' 15"	
180	4° 30'	1273.24	4° 03' 00"	4.24	179.91	1.06	90.00	1° 21' 00"	
190	4° 45'	1206.23	4° 30' 45"	4.99	189.89	1.24	94.99	1° 30' 15"	
200	5° 00'	1145.91	5° 00' 00"	5.82	199.84	1.45	99.98	1° 40' 15"	91° 25' 32"
210	5° 15'	1091.35	5° 30' 45"	6.73	209.80	1.68	104.97	1° 50' 15"	33° 35' 43"
220	5° 30'	1041.74	6° 03' 00"	7.74	219.75	1.93	109.96	2° 01' 00"	21° 23' 59"
230	5° 45'	996.44	6° 30' 45"	8.84	229.69	2.22	114.84	2° 12' 15"	16° 34' 49"
240	6° 00'	954.93	7° 12' 00"	10.05	239.62	2.51	119.93	2° 24' 00"	14° 14' 00"



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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase 1° in 40°

L	Deg.	Radius	Δ	X	Y	X.	Y.	D	D.
250	6° 15'	916.73	7° 48' 45"	11.37	249.53	2.86	124.92	2° 36' 30"	12° 55' 41"
260	6° 30'	881.47	8° 27' 00"	12.77	259.44	3.19	129.91	2° 49' 20"	12° 07' 30"
270	6° 45'	848.83	9° 6' 45"	14.30	269.33	3.57	134.89	3° 02' 20"	11° 40' 16"
280	7° 00'	818.51	9° 48' 00"	15.95	279.19	4.00	139.87	3° 16' 10"	11° 23' 15"
290	7° 15'	790.29	10° 30' 45"	17.72	289.03	4.45	144.84	3° 30' 30"	11° 15' 24"
300	7° 30'	763.94	11° 15' 00"	19.60	298.85	4.93	149.81	3° 45' 10"	11° 12' 54"
310	7° 45'	739.30	12° 00' 45"	21.63	308.65	5.44	154.78	4° 00' 20"	11° 15' 34"
320	8° 00'	716.20	12° 48' 00"	23.79	318.40	5.99	159.74	4° 16' 20"	11° 21' 38"
330	8° 15'	694.49	13° 36' 45"	26.09	328.13	6.58	164.70	4° 32' 40"	11° 30' 36"
340	8° 30'	674.07	14° 27' 00"	28.53	337.84	7.21	169.65	4° 49' 40"	11° 41' 36"
350	8° 45'	654.81	15° 18' 45"	31.12	347.50	7.88	174.60	5° 07' 00"	11° 54' 45"
360	9° 00'	636.62	16° 12' 00"	33.89	357.12	8.61	179.54	5° 25' 20"	12° 10' 18"
370	9° 15'	619.41	17° 06' 45"	36.82	366.70	9.39	184.48	5° 44' 02"	12° 27' 18"
380	9° 30'	603.11	18° 03' 00"	39.89	376.23	10.21	189.36	6° 03' 09"	12° 45' 14"
390	9° 45'	587.64	19° 00' 45"	43.12	385.70	11.06	194.27	6° 22' 43"	13° 04' 21"
400	10° 00'	572.95	20° 00' 00"	46.52	395.12	11.97	199.16	6° 42' 43"	13° 24' 41"
410	10° 15'	558.98	21° 00' 45"	50.11	404.48	12.94	204.05	7° 03' 44"	13° 46' 10"
420	10° 30'	545.67	22° 03' 00"	53.86	413.79	13.95	208.93	7° 24' 58"	14° 08' 24"
430	10° 45'	532.98	23° 06' 45"	57.80	422.99	15.02	213.79	7° 46' 50"	14° 31' 52"
440	11° 00'	520.87	24° 12' 00"	61.93	432.15	16.16	218.65	8° 09' 20"	14° 56' 12"
450	11° 15'	509.29	25° 18' 45"	66.25	441.21	17.35	223.50	8° 32' 20"	15° 21' 25"
460	11° 30'	498.22	26° 27' 00"	70.76	450.20	18.61	228.29	8° 55' 56"	15° 47' 45"
470	11° 45'	487.62	27° 36' 45"	75.48	459.08	19.94	233.08	9° 20' 12"	16° 14' 35"
480	12° 00'	477.46	28° 48' 00"	80.40	467.77	21.34	237.75	9° 45' 10"	16° 42' 45"

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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase in 50'

L	Deg	Radius	$\Delta$	X	Y	X <sub>0</sub>	Y <sub>0</sub>	D	D.
0	00	Infinity	0° 00' 00"	.000	00.000	0.000	0.0000°	00' 00"	
10	12	28647.90	0° 00' 36"	.001	10.000	0.000	5.0000°	00' 22"	
20	24	14323.95	0° 02' 24"	.004	20.000	0.000	10.0000°	00' 42"	
30	36	9549.30	0° 05' 24"	.016	30.000	0.004	15.0000°	01' 50"	
40	48	7161.97	0° 09' 36"	.037	40.000	0.010	20.0000°	03' 10"	
50	1° 00'	5729.58	0° 15' 00"	.073	50.000	0.019	25.0000°	05' 01"	
60	1° 12'	4774.65	0° 21' 36"	.126	60.000	0.030	30.0000°	07' 13"	
70	1° 24'	4092.55	0° 29' 24"	.200	64.999	0.049	35.0000°	09' 48"	
80	1° 36'	3580.98	0° 38' 24"	.298	79.998	0.075	40.0000°	12' 46"	
90	1° 48'	3183.10	0° 48' 36"	.424	84.996	0.106	45.0000°	16' 12"	
100	2° 00'	2864.79	1° 00' 00"	.582	99.994	0.146	50.0000°	20' 12"	
110	2° 12'	2604.35	1° 12' 36"	.775	109.990	0.195	54.9960°	24' 13"	
120	2° 24'	2387.32	1° 26' 24"	1.001	119.985	0.245	59.9920°	28' 39"	
130	2° 36'	2203.68	1° 41' 24"	1.278	129.977	0.319	64.9890°	33' 46"	
140	2° 48'	2046.27	1° 57' 36"	1.597	139.967	0.401	69.9840°	39' 13"	
150	3° 00'	1909.86	2° 15' 00"	1.964	149.959	0.491	74.9730°	45' 02"	
160	3° 12'	1790.44	2° 33' 36"	2.384	159.936	0.598	79.9640°	51' 14"	
170	3° 24'	1685.17	2° 53' 24"	2.859	169.911	0.720	84.9490°	57' 49"	
180	3° 36'	1591.55	3° 14' 24"	3.394	179.885	0.851	89.9341°	03' 54"	
190	3° 48'	1507.75	3° 36' 36"	3.941	189.849	0.999	94.9161°	12' 15"	
200	4° 00'	1432.39	4° 00' 00"	4.555	199.805	1.166	99.8861°	20' 04"	92° 23' 16"
210	4° 12'	1364.18	4° 24' 36"	5.389	209.753	1.350	104.8591°	28' 17"	28° 55' 21"
220	4° 24'	1302.17	4° 50' 24"	6.196	219.686	1.540	109.8181°	36' 17"	17° 28' 15"
230	4° 36'	1245.56	5° 17' 24"	7.080	229.608	1.775	114.7721°	45' 58"	13° 26' 54"
240	4° 48'	1193.66	5° 45' 36"	8.044	239.515	1.917	119.7181°	55' 24"	11° 30' 23"

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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase in 50'

L	Deg.	Radius	$\Delta$	X	Y	X.	Y.	D	D.
250	5° 00'	1145.91	6° 15' 00"	9.092	249.405	2.281	124.653	2° 05' 15"	10° 25' 39"
260	5° 12'	1101.84	6° 45' 36"	10.228	259.270	2.528	129.572	2° 15' 34"	9° 47' 27"
270	5° 24'	1061.03	7° 17' 24"	11.454	269.125	2.878	134.491	2° 26' 13"	9° 24' 30"
280	5° 36'	1023.13	7° 50' 24"	12.774	278.950	3.210	139.388	2° 37' 19"	9° 11' 27"
290	5° 48'	987.86	8° 24' 36"	14.192	288.750	3.519	144.270	2° 48' 48"	9° 05' 43"
300	6° 00'	954.93	9° 00' 00"	15.712	298.519	3.955	149.135	3° 00' 45"	9° 04' 14"
310	6° 12'	924.12	9° 36' 36"	17.336	308.251	4.368	153.977	3° 13' 02"	9° 06' 24"
320	6° 24'	895.24	10° 14' 24"	19.068	317.955	4.810	158.806	3° 25' 54"	9° 11' 25"
330	6° 36'	868.12	10° 53' 24"	20.912	327.615	5.279	163.605	3° 39' 12"	9° 18' 48"
340	6° 48'	842.58	11° 33' 36"	22.872	337.231	5.781	168.382	3° 52' 51"	9° 28' 09"
350	7° 00'	818.51	12° 15' 00"	24.950	346.799	6.313	173.130	4° 06' 47"	9° 38' 59"
360	7° 12'	795.63	12° 57' 36"	27.150	356.315	6.882	177.876	4° 21' 26"	9° 51' 02"
370	7° 24'	774.26	13° 41' 24"	29.476	365.772	7.480	182.529	4° 36' 26"	10° 04' 55"
380	7° 36'	753.09	14° 26' 24"	31.931	375.170	8.114	187.175	4° 51' 54"	10° 19' 50"
390	7° 48'	734.56	15° 12' 36"	34.519	384.570	8.788	191.782	5° 07' 47"	10° 35' 50"
400	8° 00'	716.19	16° 00' 00"	37.243	393.757	9.499	195.350	5° 24' 11"	10° 52' 50"
410	8° 12'	698.72	16° 48' 36"	40.107	402.939	10.250	200.868	5° 41' 03"	11° 10' 45"
420	8° 24'	682.09	17° 38' 24"	43.113	412.034	11.041	205.335	5° 58' 23"	11° 29' 35"
430	8° 36'	666.22	18° 29' 24"	46.266	421.040	11.876	209.754	6° 16' 14"	11° 49' 19"
440	8° 48'	651.09	19° 21' 36"	49.570	429.948	12.760	214.107	6° 34' 36"	12° 09' 35"
450	9° 00'	636.62	20° 15' 00"	53.027	438.753	13.678	218.411	6° 53' 28"	12° 31' 19"
460	9° 12'	622.78	21° 09' 36"	56.641	447.447	14.651	222.636	7° 12' 53"	12° 53' 35"
470	9° 24'	609.53	22° 05' 24"	60.416	456.022	15.673	226.778	7° 32' 48"	13° 16' 42"
480	9° 36'	596.83	23° 02' 24"	64.355	464.470	16.667	230.886	7° 53' 18"	13° 40' 35"

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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase 1° in 60°

L	Deg	Radius	Δ.	X	Y	X <sub>0</sub>	Y <sub>0</sub>	D	D
250	4° 10'	1375.09	5° 12' 50"	7.580	249.804	1.841	124.97	1° 40'	8° 39' 00"
260	4° 20'	1322.10	5° 38' 00"	8.521	259.758	2.135	129.97	1° 48' 30"	7° 57' 20"
270	4° 30'	1273.20	6° 04' 05"	9.542	269.710	2.412	134.97	1° 56' 10"	7° 47' 10"
280	4° 40'	1227.76	6° 32' 00"	10.642	279.653	2.674	139.96	2° 05' 10"	7° 40' 30"
290	4° 50'	1185.40	7° 00' 30"	11.824	289.586	2.971	144.95	2° 14' 30"	7° 30' 50"
300	5° 00'	1145.91	7° 30' 00"	13.090	299.510	3.290	149.92	2° 24' 10"	7° 29' 00"
310	5° 10'	1108.95	8° 00' 30"	14.443	309.421	3.635	154.91	2° 34' 10"	7° 30' 40"
320	5° 20'	1074.29	8° 32' 00"	15.886	319.324	3.994	159.89	2° 44' 30"	7° 34' 20"
330	5° 30'	1041.73	9° 04' 30"	17.451	329.211	4.403	164.88	2° 55' 10"	7° 40' 10"
340	5° 40'	1011.09	9° 38' 00"	19.053	339.084	4.840	169.87	3° 06' 10"	7° 47' 20"
350	5° 50'	982.21	10° 12' 30"	20.786	348.941	5.238	174.86	3° 17' 30"	7° 55' 05"
360	6° 00'	954.93	10° 48' 00"	22.619	358.781	5.707	179.84	3° 28' 10"	8° 05' 20"
370	6° 10'	929.11	11° 24' 30"	24.557	368.602	6.196	184.82	3° 40' 10"	8° 15' 50"
380	6° 20'	904.66	12° 02' 00"	26.602	378.402	6.727	189.79	3° 52' 30"	8° 27' 30"
390	6° 30'	881.50	12° 40' 30"	28.758	388.181	7.276	194.76	4° 05' 10"	8° 39' 50"
400	6° 40'	859.43	13° 20' 00"	31.027	397.936	7.857	199.73	4° 18' 10"	8° 52' 50"
410	6° 50'	838.47	14° 00' 30"	33.413	407.665	8.485	204.70	4° 31' 30"	9° 06' 40"
420	7° 00'	818.57	14° 42' 00"	35.918	417.366	9.126	209.64	4° 55' 10"	9° 20' 40"
430	7° 10'	799.47	15° 24' 30"	38.545	427.037	9.812	214.61	5° 09' 10"	9° 35' 30"
440	7° 20'	781.30	16° 08' 00"	41.297	436.676	10.529	219.57	5° 23' 50"	9° 51' 00"
450	7° 30'	763.90	16° 52' 30"	44.177	446.281	11.283	224.52	5° 38' 10"	10° 07' 00"
460	7° 40'	747.30	17° 38' 00"	47.188	455.849	12.072	229.47	5° 53' 10"	10° 23' 20"
470	7° 50'	731.40	18° 24' 30"	50.333	465.377	12.907	234.39	6° 08' 30"	10° 40' 10"
480	8° 00'	716.20	19° 12' 00"	53.615	474.864	13.780	239.32	6° 24' 10"	10° 57' 40"



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Table of Spirals - Rate of Increase in 80°

L	Deg	Radius	Δ	X	Y	X <sub>0</sub>	Y <sub>0</sub>	D	D <sub>i</sub>
0	0	Infinity	00"	0	0	0	0		0' 00"
10	1	4583.676	22"	0	10.00	0	5.0		0' 00"
20	2	2291.333	1' 30"	.00291	20.00	.0007	10.0		0' 30"
30	3	1527.89	3' 22"	.00952	30.00	.0022	15.0		1' 08"
40	4	1145.16	6' 00"	.02127	40.00	.0061	20.0		2' 00"
50	5	916.733	9' 22"	.04545	50.00	.0115	25.0		3' 08"
60	6	763.944	13' 30"	.07854	60.00	.0197	30.0		4' 31"
70	7	654.09	18' 22"	.12472	70.00	.0311	35.0		6' 07"
80	8	572.958	24' 00"	.18617	80.00	.0464	40.0		7' 59"
90	9	509.296	30' 22"	.26507	90.00	.0660	45.0		10' 07"
100	10	458.366	37' 30"	.36361	99.998	.0909	50.0		12' 30"
110	11	416.697	45' 22"	.48396	109.9981	.121	55.0		15' 08"
120	12	381.972	54' 06"	.62832	119.9970	.157	60.0		18' 00"
130	13	352.590	1° 03' 22"	.79885	129.9956	.200	65.0		21' 01"
140	14	327.405	1° 13' 30"	.99775	139.9936	.250	70.0		24' 30"
150	15	305.577	1° 24' 22"	1.22718	149.9910	.307	75.0		28' 07"
160	16	286.479	1° 36' 06"	1.48935	159.9875	.375	80.0		32' 02"
170	17	269.627	1° 48' 22"	1.78642	169.9831	.447	85.0		36' 08"
180	18	254.648	2° 01' 30"	2.12057	179.9775	.531	90.0		40' 27"
190	19	241.245	2° 15' 22"	2.49390	189.9705	.624	95.0		45' 08"
200	20	229.183	2° 30' 00"	2.91888	199.9619	.728	100.00		50' 00"
210	21	218.270	2° 45' 22"	3.36739	209.9514	.842	105.00		55' 08"
220	22	208.348	3° 01' 30"	3.87172	219.9387	.969	110.00		1° 00' 30"
230	23	199.297	3° 18' 22"	4.42444	229.9234	1.107	115.00		1° 06' 08"
240	24	190.976	3° 36' 00"	5.02654	239.9052	1.259	119.98		1° 12' 00"

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Table of Spirals Rate of Increase 1000'

L	Reg	Radius	$\Delta$	X	Y	X <sub>0</sub>	Y <sub>0</sub>	D
250	1° 07' 10"	1633.47	3"	54.22	568141	249.328	1.422	124.98
250	5° 18' 10"	1732.95	4"	13.30	639081	249.086	1.600	129.97
270	8° 28' 10"	1697.65	4"	33.28	712643	249.083	1.793	134.97
290	11° 40' 10"	1657.02	4"	54.00	790197	249.745	2.000	139.96
296	1° 27' 24"	1680.57	5"	13.22	886068	249.544	2.222	144.96
304	5° 43' 10"	1527.88	5"	33.50	981747	249.719	2.460	149.95
310	9° 53' 10"	1478.60	6"	00.23	108324	249.659	2.716	154.94
320	14° 06' 10"	1432.29	6"	24.34	119197	249.667	2.989	159.93
330	18° 17' 10"	1388.99	6"	40.22	130676	249.534	3.279	164.93
340	22° 28' 10"	1348.14	7"	13.36	142733	249.454	3.587	169.91
350	26° 42' 10"	1309.62	7"	33.22	155393	249.395	3.913	174.90
360	30° 58' 10"	1273.24	8"	00.06	168647	249.355	4.263	179.88
370	35° 17' 10"	1238.83	8"	33.22	182494	249.349	4.631	184.86
380	39° 45' 10"	1206.23	9"	01.30	196920	249.357	5.019	189.86
390	44° 52' 10"	1175.30	9"	30.22	211938	249.266	5.430	194.85
400	50° 00' 10"	1145.91	10"	00.00	227648	249.185	5.862	199.85

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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase 1' in 100'

L	Deg	Radius	$\Delta$	X	Y	X.	Y.	D	D.
0	00	Infinity.	0° 00' 00"	.000	00.000	.000	0.000	0° 00' 00"	
10	06	57295.80	0° 00' 18"	.000	10.000	.000	5.000	0° 00' 00"	
20	12	28647.90	0° 01' 12"	.002	20.000	.000	10.000	0° 00' 15"	
30	18	19098.60	0° 02' 42"	.008	30.000	.002	15.000	0° 01' 00"	
40	24	14323.95	0° 04' 48"	.019	40.000	.005	20.000	0° 01' 40"	
50	30	11459.16	0° 07' 30"	.036	50.000	.010	25.000	0° 02' 30"	
60	36	9549.30	0° 10' 48"	.063	60.000	.017	30.000	0° 03' 35"	
70	42	8185.11	0° 14' 42"	.100	70.000	.026	35.000	0° 04' 55"	
80	48	7161.97	0° 19' 12"	.149	80.000	.037	40.000	0° 06' 25"	
90	54	6366.20	0° 24' 18"	.212	90.000	.052	45.000	0° 08' 05"	
100	1° 00'	5729.58	0° 30' 00"	.290	100.000	.072	50.000	0° 10' 00"	
110	1° 06'	5208.70	0° 36' 18"	.387	110.000	.096	55.000	0° 12' 05"	
120	1° 12'	4774.65	0° 43' 12"	.503	120.000	.128	60.000	0° 14' 25"	
130	1° 18'	4407.37	0° 50' 42"	.640	129.999	.162	65.000	0° 16' 55"	
140	1° 24'	4092.55	0° 58' 48"	.798	139.997	.199	70.000	0° 19' 35"	
150	1° 30'	3819.72	1° 07' 30"	.982	149.995	.246	75.000	0° 22' 30"	
160	1° 36'	3580.98	1° 16' 48"	1.191	159.992	.299	80.000	0° 25' 35"	
170	1° 42'	3370.34	1° 26' 42"	1.429	169.989	.359	85.000	0° 29' 00"	
180	1° 48'	3183.10	1° 37' 12"	1.696	179.986	.424	90.000	0° 32' 25"	
190	1° 54'	3015.51	1° 48' 18"	1.995	189.981	.499	95.000	0° 36' 05"	
200	2° 00'	2864.79	2° 00' 00"	2.327	199.976	.582	100.000	0° 40' 00"	90° 23' 28"
210	2° 06'	2728.37	2° 12' 18"	2.693	209.969	.673	105.000	0° 44' 05"	16° 16' 04"
220	2° 12'	2604.35	2° 25' 12"	3.097	219.961	.774	109.999	0° 48' 25"	8° 49' 08"
230	2° 18'	2491.12	2° 38' 42"	3.539	229.951	.886	114.999	0° 52' 50"	6° 44' 01"
240	2° 24'	2387.32	2° 52' 48"	4.021	239.939	1.006	119.999	0° 57' 35"	5° 45' 00"

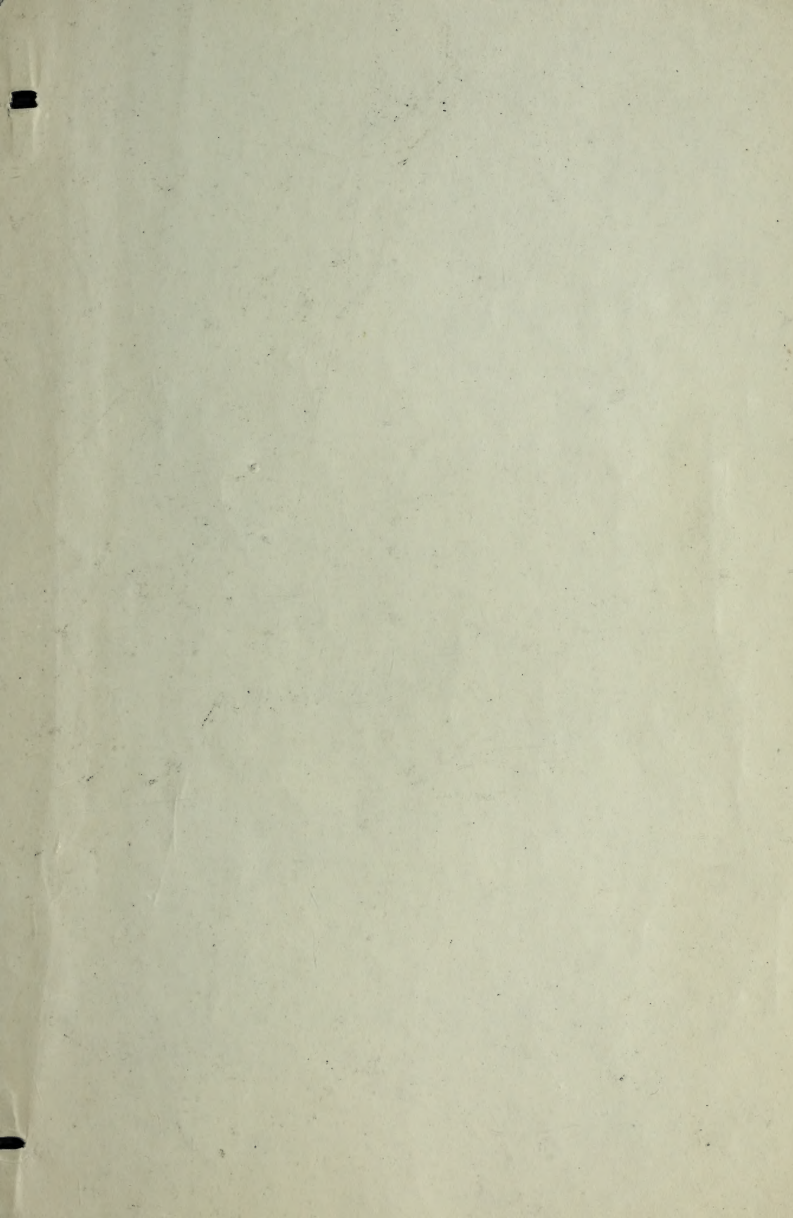
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Table of Spirals. Rate of Increase 1° in 100'

L	Deg.	Radius	Δ.	X	Y	X <sub>0</sub>	Y <sub>0</sub>	D	D <sub>1</sub>
250	2° 30'	2291.03	3° 07' 30"	4.545	249.926	1.135	124.986	1° 02' 30"	5° 12' 00"
260	2° 36'	2203.68	3° 22' 48"	5.112	259.909	1.277	129.997	1° 07' 35"	4° 52' 04"
270	2° 42'	2122.07	3° 38' 42"	5.725	269.891	1.433	134.994	1° 12' 50"	4° 41' 01"
280	2° 48'	2046.27	3° 55' 12"	6.385	279.869	1.598	139.980	1° 18' 35"	4° 34' 15"
290	2° 54'	1975.72	4° 12' 18"	7.094	289.844	1.776	144.975	1° 24' 05"	4° 30' 53"
300	3° 00'	1909.86	4° 30' 00"	7.853	299.815	1.965	149.969	1° 30' 00"	4° 29' 54"
310	3° 06'	1848.25	4° 48' 18"	8.665	309.782	2.170	154.964	1° 36' 10"	4° 30' 52"
320	3° 12'	1790.49	5° 07' 12"	9.531	319.745	2.387	159.959	1° 42' 40"	4° 32' 56"
330	3° 18'	1736.23	5° 26' 42"	10.453	329.702	2.619	164.955	1° 48' 55"	4° 36' 27"
340	3° 24'	1685.17	5° 46' 48"	11.432	339.654	2.863	169.944	1° 55' 40"	4° 40' 04"
350	3° 30'	1637.02	6° 07' 30"	12.471	349.600	3.120	174.933	2° 02' 34"	4° 45' 54"
360	3° 36'	1591.27	6° 28' 48"	13.571	359.540	3.406	179.924	2° 09' 40"	4° 51' 46"
370	3° 42'	1548.53	6° 50' 42"	14.733	369.472	3.707	184.915	2° 17' 20"	4° 58' 02"
380	3° 48'	1507.79	7° 13' 12"	15.960	379.397	4.060	189.899	2° 24' 20"	5° 04' 50"
390	3° 54'	1469.12	7° 36' 18"	17.253	389.313	4.380	194.886	2° 32' 15"	5° 12' 24"
400	4° 00'	1432.39	8° 00' 00"	18.615	399.220	4.673	199.870	2° 40' 10"	5° 20' 16"
410	4° 06'	1397.45	8° 24' 18"	20.046	409.118	5.037	204.854	2° 48' 20"	5° 28' 30"
420	4° 12'	1364.18	8° 49' 12"	21.549	419.005	5.417	209.834	2° 56' 40"	5° 36' 44"
430	4° 18'	1332.44	9° 14' 42"	23.125	428.881	5.816	214.802	3° 05' 10"	5° 46' 08"
440	4° 24'	1302.18	9° 40' 48"	24.777	438.744	6.236	219.787	3° 13' 55"	5° 56' 30"
450	4° 30'	1273.24	10° 07' 30"	26.505	448.605	6.676	224.756	3° 22' 50"	6° 08' 46"
460	4° 36'	1245.56	10° 34' 48"	28.311	458.432	7.136	229.735	3° 32' 40"	6° 15' 06"
470	4° 42'	1219.06	11° 02' 42"	30.198	468.254	7.617	234.704	3° 41' 25"	6° 25' 22"
480	4° 48'	1193.66	11° 31' 12"	32.167	478.060	8.121	239.673	3° 51' 00"	6° 35' 58"

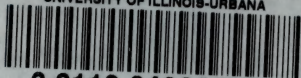
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